

Course Outline
Part 01 - Definition
Part-02 - Research Question
Part 03 - Closing



Part 01 - Definition

# Course Outline

http://www.uqtr.ca

## L'activité de synthèse

#### A multidisciplinary task

- integrates different types of knowledge
- a <u>complex task</u> i.e. meaningful in light of relations it has with other elements
- on part of S:
  - a methodical, intellectual, and reflexive activity
  - to find links and rlns bwn different sources of knowledge
  - to make sense of your learning by identifying relations bwn different sources of learning



#### AdS II: Methodological & Reflexive

- Methodological
  - NOT the spontaneous juxtaposition of knowledge
  - Being able to distinguish important learning from the rest
    - · See course obj.: Dév. les habiletés d'analyse et de synthèse
- Reflexive => Based on one's learning and knowledge
- To be useful and transferable

Sources of information

=

Your experience (practica + courses)



Depending on circumstances (personal, professional, environment, interpretation and people, a given source of knowledge (e.g.: a course) may vary in importance for different people.

» Yet, at the university, one can often hear...

- "À l'université, j'ai rien appris!"
- Is this really true?
- · Let's help Mathieu...
- · ... or let's find out with the help of Mathieu?



#### The V.A.S. Method

- V =
  - Ce que j'ai <u>V</u>évu (practica or courses)
- A =
  - Ce que j'ai Appris
- · S =
  - Ce qui m'a Servi ou aurait pu me servir
- W =
  - Where
  - Grids to be found on site with course outline
  - Characteristics
    - flexibility: nb of rows, length of text
    - fill in and use for synthesis of learning (written text)





Part 02 - Identifying your Enrichment Question

## Enrichment Question

- Aim: to get (more) knowledge about reality of teaching or learning a L2
- Topics
  - Pedagogy
  - Didactics
  - Profession
- In line with your personal interests
- In light of your learning (academic and practica)... or lack of
- Has to be useful to you i.e. <u>your</u> Q will help <u>you</u> understand or know more the reality of teaching-learning

### Qualities of a Good Question

- · Precise, if Q is too general
  - Too long to answer
  - Impossible to collect data or information
- Pertinent
- Could be answered considering
  - time frame; tools; accessibility to participants, to milieu; financial resources; etc.
- Observable or measurable
  - Rely on facts, observable or measurable elements to explain reality
  - Again: your aim is to get knowledge about reality

Avoid value judgements: be objective

- You are not trying to prove that s/th is better that s/th else

## Examples

- How was the integration of hearing-impaired students in regular classes carried out and what were the results of it?
- What is the impact of learning a L2 on S success?
- Is grammar-translation better than CLT?
- In comparison with CLT, G-T accelerates acquisition of vocabulary by two months



#### Your turn

- Individually\*
- Reflect on your interests & learning experiences
- Write 2-3 Q that may be of interest to you

\*Ok, fine... You can discuss this with a colleague...







Part 03 - Closing

# Looking back on your own experience and making links

- Grids:
  - · 4 pages for courses; 1 page for practica
  - For courses: cover the 4 blocs of program
    - didactics -- TESL, Variations, TLÉ
    - tronc commun -- Sc. Educ.
    - language -- grammar, oral communication
    - concentration -- (ESP/ENG)
  - Analysis:  $\frac{1}{2}$  to 1 page => part of final paper
- Article: 10-12 pages
- Detailed <u>expectations</u>: on site, with grids





#### Presentation

- Next seminar
  - Length: 5 minutes
  - Support: PPT (max. 2 slides), poster, white board, ...
  - Content:
    - · Q and reasons for your choice of Q
      - Personal experiences
      - Readings\*
    - Methodology: i.e. what you will do to answer your RQ
      - Description of participants, tools, steps & sequence of events, ...
      - Empirical: observation, questionnaire, interview

Question: Next seminar

Grids + 1 page synthesis

Summaries + 1 page synthesis

January







### References

- Gauthier, B. (1987). Recherche sociale. De la problématique à la collecte des données. Sillery, Qc: PUQ.
- Karsenti, T., & Savoie-Zacj, L. (2004). La recherche en éducation, 3e éd. Sherbrooke, Qc: Éditions du CRP.
- Robert, M. (1988). Fondements et étapes de la recherche scientifique en psychologie, 3<sup>e</sup> éd. St-Hyacinthe, Qc: Edisem.



#### Exercise

- 1. What is the impact of learning a L2 on S success?
- 2. Is STs' attitude Vs their L2 courses a cause of dropping out of the TESL degree at UQTR?
- 3. How efficient is the integration of ADHD Ss?
- 4. Is psychotherapy more efficient than medicine to improve the behaviour of third cycle students in the classroom?
- 5. Are Ts who implement more ICTs in their teaching judged to be more effective Ts?
- 6. Are there qualitative differences in Ts' conceptions of approach to instruction?

